Moosehorn NWR Wilderness Character Monitoring Summary

The table and the report that follow are part of a national initiative to establish a baseline wilderness character assessment for all of the National Wildlife Refuges with designated wilderness. The measures for each wilderness were developed with refuge staff and reviewed at the national level. This addendum document complements the 2011 report on wilderness character monitoring for Moosehorn National Wildlife Refuge.



William Kolodricki, Refuge Manager, Moosehorn NWR Date

Nancy Roeper, National Wilderness Coordinator, NWRS Date

Moosehorn NWR Wilderness Character Monitoring Summary Table

The following table summarizes the original measures selected by refuge staff for wilderness character monitoring in 2011 and reflects any modifications that were made in 2015 to comply with the revised monitoring protocol of *Keeping it Wild 2*. The reasoning for adding, removing or modifying measures is explained in the narrative section below the table. This table describes each measure, the quality that it informs, and how often data are collected for the measure. As professionals at the refuge have developed these measures with a Wilderness Fellow, it is expected that these measures will form the basis of wilderness character monitoring in the Inventory and Monitoring Plan that is submitted by the refuge to the region.

Wilderness Character Monitoring Measure attributes for the Moosehorn NWR Wilderness

Quality	Indicator	Measure	Frequency	Data Adequacy	Significant Change	Baseline ¹ Value
Untrammeled		Number of actions to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fires	Annually	High	Any	1
	Actions authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the biophysical environment	Percentage of natural fire starts that received a suppression response within wilderness	Annually	High	Any	0
		Number of lakes and other water bodies stocked with fish	Annually	High	Any	0
	Actions not authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the biophysical environment	Number of unauthorized actions by agencies, citizen groups, or individuals that manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fire	Annually	Medium	Any	0
Nat	Plants	Number of invasive non-native plant species	5 years	High	Any	0

¹ The baseline value is defined as the data value entered into the Wilderness Character Monitoring Database from the first year of available data for a particular measure. An individual measure's baseline year may be different from the baseline year of Wilderness Character Monitoring as a whole.

Quality	Indicator	Measure	Frequency	Data Adequacy	Significant Change	Baseline ¹ Value
		Index of native wildlife species that are listed as threatened and endangered, candidate, or of special concern	5 years	High	Any	4
	Animals	Number of extirpated indigenous wildlife species	5 years	High	Any	4
		Vernal pool habitat quality	Annually	High	Staff Judgment	273 egg masses
		Ozone air pollution	5 years	Medium	Categorical	62.1 ppb
	Air and water	Total nitrogen wet deposition	5 years	Medium	Categorical	3.1 kg/ha
	Air and water	Total sulfur wet deposition	5 years	Medium	Categorical	3.7 kg/ha
		Visibility	5 years	Medium	Categorical	5.2 Dv
	Ecological processes	Departure from natural fire regimes average over the wilderness	5 years	Medium	Any	1
		Area and magnitude for pathways for movement of non-native species into the wilderness	5 years	High	20%	5633.9 acres
	Presence of non-recreational structures, installations, and developments	Number of authorized physical developments	5 years	High	Any	6
eq		Number of culverts removed	5 years	High	Any	0
relop	Presence of inholdings	Number of inholdings within wilderness	5 years	High	Any	0
Undeveloped	Use of motor vehicles, motorized equipment, or mechanical transport	Type and amount of emergency use of motor vehicles, motorized equipment, or mechanical transport	Annually	High	Any	0
		Type and amount of motor vehicles,	Annually	Medium	Any	0

Quality	Indicator	Measure	Frequency	Data Adequacy	Significant Change	Baseline ¹ Value
		motorized equipment, or mechanical transport use not authorized by Refuge manager				
c		Amount of visitor use	Annually	Medium	50%	440
atio		Number of hours spent maintaining trail	Annually	High	20%	80
recre	Remoteness from sights and sounds of human activity <i>inside</i> wilderness	Number of trail contacts	Annually	Medium	20%	15
confined I	numan activity inside wilderness	Area of wilderness affected by access or travel routes that are inside the wilderness	5	High	Any	4008.8 acres
Solitude or primitive and unconfined recreation	Remoteness from sights and sounds of human activity <i>outside</i> the wilderness	Area of wilderness affected by access or travel routes that are adjacent to the wilderness	5	High	Any	2875.5 acres
or primi	Facilities that decrease self-reliant recreation	Type and number of agency-provided recreation facilities	5 years	High	Any	0
nde		Miles of agency-provided system trails	5 years	High	≥ 1 mile	16.6 mi.
Solit	Management restrictions on visitor behavior	Number and extent of management restrictions	5 Years	High	Any	9
Other features of value	Deterioration or loss of integral cultural features	Number and severity of disturbances to cultural resources	5 Years	High	Any	0

The following people participated in the drafting of the new measures and the summary table above:

William Kolodnicki – Refuge Manager

Narrative

In March and April of 2015 Wilderness Fellow Max Mutter worked with William Kolodnicki to discuss the recent changes in the monitoring framework of Keeping it Wild 2. From the discussion a small number of things were modified or removed from the original 2011 wilderness character monitoring report to comply with the updated version of Keeping it Wild.

Untrammeled quality

Indicator: Actions authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the

biophysical environment

Measure: Number of actions to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or

Change: The protocol for this measure has been adjusted to align with the current method of

monitoring the decision to trammel, rather than the magnitude of trammeling (see the updated measure description at the end of this document). In that vein the baseline value has been adjusted to count affixing radio transmitters on spruce grouse as one action in aggregate rather than counting each individual affixed with a radio transmitter as one action. Additionally, with the removal of the Number of person-hours spent treating invasive plant species measure this measure now also accounts for actions taken to manage

invasive plant species. Finally, in light of the new method of counting actions the significant

change value has been changed from 20% to any.

Indicator: Actions authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the

biophysical environment

Old Measure: Number of natural fire starts that received a suppression response within wilderness

This measure was changed from a simple count t a percentage. Using a percentage Change:

better accounts for the fact that there can be different numbers of natural fires each

year. See the updated measure description at the end of this document.

Updated Measure: Percentage of natural fire starts that received a suppression response within wilderness

Indicator: Actions authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the

biophysical environment

Old Measure: Number of person-hours treating invasive plant species

This measure tracked the magnitude of trammeling rather than the decision to Change:

> trammel. As the baseline value for this measure was zero it made sense to move consideration of invasive plant manipulation into the pre-existing Number of actions to

manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fires measure.

Updated Measure: Number of actions to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or

fires

Indicator: Actions not authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the

biophysical environment

Measure: Number of unauthorized actions by agencies, citizen groups, or individuals that manipulate

plant, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fire

Change: This measure protocol was adjusted slightly to be consistent with the new Actions

authorized by the federal land manager that intentionally manipulate the biophysical environment measure. Also, a note about potential future fish stocking was added to the measure description (see the updated measure description at the end of this document).

Natural quality

Indicator: Animals

Old Measure: Number of native wildlife species that are listed as threatened and endangered,

candidate, or of special concern

Change: This measure assigns scores to listing species based on the level of their listing status

and then sums these scores to arrive at a final measure value. Therefore the word 'number' in the measure tittle was replaced with the word 'index' in order to better

reflect the construction of the measure.

Updated Measure: Index of native wildlife species that are listed as threatened and endangered, candidate,

or of special concern

Undeveloped quality

No Measures were changed in the Undeveloped Quality.

Solitude or primitive and unconfined recreation quality

Indicator: Remoteness from sights and sounds of human activity *inside* wilderness

Old Measure: Number of person-hours maintaining trails

Change:

This measure was originally under the Untrammelled quality and tracked the amount of time spent maintaining trails within wilderness. As trail maintenance does not carry with it the specific intent to alter the biophysical environment, nor has trail maintenance been conducted on a large enough scale for significant alteration of the biophysical environment to be a clear and unavoidable consequence, it does not constitute a trammeling action. This measure has been moved to the Solitude and primitive or unconfined recreation quality as trail workers present a sight of human activity within wilderness. Additionally, as trail work tends to be done by a single small group at a time the measure has been changed to track hours of maintenance rather than person-hours. See the updated measure description at the end of this document.

Updated Measure: Number of hours maintaining trails

Indicator: Remoteness from sights and sounds of human activity *inside* wilderness

Measure: Number of trail contacts

Change: This measure had not been implemented at the time of the baseline report but has since

been implemented. The baseline year has been established as 2014 and the baseline vale has been established as 15. Additionally the frequency has been established as annually

and the significant change value has been established as 20%.

Indicator: Remoteness from sights and sounds of human activity *inside* wilderness

Old Measure: Number and condition of campsites within wilderness

Change: This measure was constructed to count the number of campsites within wilderness as a

proxy for the potential of encountering other people within wilderness. As such it was placed under the Remoteness from sights and sounds of human activity inside wilderness indicator. At the time of the baseline report no campsites had been established in the wilderness but it seemed likely that they would be in the future. It has since been determined that campsites are better accounted for under the Facilities that decrease self-reliant recreation indicator, and that campsites can be counted under the pre-existing Type and number of agency-provided recreation facilities measure. Therefore this measure has been removed and any new campsites will be counted

under the Type and number of agency-provided recreation facilities measure.

Updated Measure: Type and number of agency-provided recreation facilities

Other features of value quality

Indicator: Deterioration or loss of integral historic or cultural features
Old Measure: Number and severity of disturbances to cultural resources

Change: This measure was included under the old required Loss of statutorily protected cultural

resources indicator. Cultural resources have now been moved to the optional Other features of value indicator. In light of this change this measure has been relocated to the Other features of value quality. Although the Moosehorn wilderness is not known to contain any significant cultural resources this measure has been retained as exhaustive

surveys for cultural resources have not been completed.

Actions authorized by the federal land manager that manipulate the biophysical environment

Measure: Number of actions to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fires

Background & Context: (Modified from the baseline report) This measure excludes actions related to any of the other measures under this indicator (i.e. suppression of natural fire starts of stocking water bodies with fish). Action refers to an intentional decision to manipulate the biophysical environment. The focus is on agency actions that represent larger scale manipulations of populations, communities, and disturbance processes rather than smaller scale, localized manipulations. For example, the creation of vernal pool habitat would be counted as an action; removal of a single hazard tree would not be counted as an action. An action may be purposeful (i.e. resource protection) and management reasoning may be provided. The untrammeled quality is degraded if the number of authorized actions that manipulate the biophysical environment increases.

Measure Description & Collection Protocol: The total number of actions taken to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fires within wilderness, exclusive of actions accounted for in other measures (fish stocking and suppression of natural fire starts). Actions are counted according to the counting actions table below.

Data Source: Refuge staff

Data Adequacy: High. Refuge staff are aware of authorized manipulations, therefore data quality is high and data quantity is complete.

Frequency: Annually

Significant Change: Any change is considered significant

Counting the number of trammeling actions in the Moosehorn Wilderness (adapted from the Forest Service Wilderness Character Technical Guide)								
Type of action	Example	Counting rule						
Single action at a single location	Herbicide applied at a single location to manage an invasive plant species, or radio transmitters affixed to spruce grouse at a single location	Count as one action						
Single action at multiple locations	Herbicide applied at multiple locations, or radio transmitters affixed to spruce grouse at multiple locations	Count as one action for the single action type regardless of the number of locations						
Multiple actions at a single location	Both herbicide and mechanical manipulation is used to manage an invasive plant species at a single location, or herbicide is used at a single location to treat two	Count as multiple actions, in both of these cases two (in the first case 2 action types=2 actions, in the second case 2 species=2 actions)						

	different invasive plant species							
Multiple actions at multiple locations	Both herbicide and mechanical manipulation is used to manage an invasive plant species at multiple locations	Count as multiple actions, in this case two (one for each action type)						
	How the time frame of actions affects counting							
Time frame of action	Cour	nting rule						
Action occurs within a single fiscal year	S S							
Action spans multiple fiscal years	ccal Count as multiple actions, one for each fiscal year in which the action occurs							

UNTRAMMELED QUALITY

Actions authorized by the federal land manager that manipulate the biophysical environment

Measure: Percentage of natural fire starts that received a suppression response within wilderness

Background & Context: (Modified from the baseline report) Natural fires are infrequent occurrences in the Wilderness Area, and also the larger landscape. There have been no documented fires within the Baring Division Wilderness. There have been two wildfires within the Edmunds Division in 1985 and 2001. Future changes in climate may alter fire frequency, intensity, and character. Only fires that were naturally ignited are included in this measure- fires that were human-caused are not included. A suppression response counts only if the action is taken within the Wilderness Area- it is not counted if it occurs outside the boundary. The untrammeled quality is degraded by an increasing number of natural fire starts that are suppressed.

Measure Description & Collection Protocol: The percentage of naturally ignited fires within the wilderness that are suppressed, calculated via the following formula:

(# naturally ignited fires suppressed/#naturally ignited fires) X 100

Data Source: Fire management specialist

Data Adequacy: High. All naturally ignited fires within wilderness are recorded, therefore data quantity is high and data quantity is complete.

Frequency: Annually

Significant Change: Any change is considered significant

Actions NOT authorized by the federal land manager that manipulate the biophysical environment

Measure: Number of unauthorized actions by agencies, citizen groups, or individuals that manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fire

Background & Context: (Modified from the baseline report) Known unauthorized actions are limited within wilderness. This measure would allow flexibility to monitor any unauthorized actions as they may arise. This measure tracks unauthorized actions rather than violations because some actions may not be citable yet still be unauthorized actions that trammel the wilderness. The untrammeled quality is degraded if the number of unauthorized actions that manipulate the biophysical environment increases.

At the time of the baseline report the state of Maine was introducing salmon to Hobart stream for experimental purposes. Introductions occurred in a portion of the stream that is outside of the refuge but that is connected to water bodies within the wilderness. These introductions involved a small amount of individuals without the intent or result of manipulating populations within the wilderness and no additional introductions have occurred in the intervening years. However, this situation should be monitored as larger scale introductions in these areas could constitute unauthorized trammeling actions if they are deemed to carry the intent of manipulating fish populations within the wilderness.

Measure Description & Collection Protocol: Each separate action is counted and tallied annually. Actions are counted according to the counting actions table in the Number of actions to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fires measure description. This includes unauthorized species takings, species releases, arson fire starts, and large-scale trashdumping within wilderness. This does not include minor infractions such as littering, small-scale vandalism, or insignificant trespassing.

Data Source: Law Enforcement Officer, Incident Reports and/or RAPP; Biologist

Data Adequacy: Medium. It cannot be guarantied that all unauthorized actions occurring in the wilderness are known. Therefore data quality is medium and data quantity is partial.

Frequency: Annually

Significant Change: Any change in the number of unauthorized trammeling actions is considered significant.

UNCONFINED RECREATION inside the wilderness

SOLITUDE OR PRIMITIVE AND Remoteness from sights and sounds of people

Measure: Number of hours spent maintaining trail

Background & Context: Every year small groups perform minimal maintenance on the network of trails within the wilderness. In general there is one group conducting trail maintenance within wilderness at a time. Trail workers within wilderness affect the solitude aspect of wilderness.

Measure Description & Collection Protocol: The number of hours each year that trail maintenance is conducted within wilderness. An increase in the time spent on trail maintenance degrades the Solitude or primitive and unconfined recreation quality.

Data Source: Biologist, Refuge Manager

Data Adequacy: High

Frequency: Annually

Significant Change: A change of 20% or more is considered significant

Moosehorn NWR Wilderness Character Monitoring Data Update

As part of this process the most current data relating to wilderness character monitoring at Moosehorn NWR was compiled. The following table reflects all of the measure values calculated from data collected from the creation of the baseline report in 2011 until the completion of this update in 2015. The following data should also be entered into the wilderness character monitoring online database.

Updated Wilderness Character Monitoring Measure data for Moosehorn Wilderness

Opuateu wii	Measure		Baseline	Measure Values				
Quality		Frequency	Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	
meled	Number of actions to manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fires	Annually	2011	1	0	0	0	
	Percentage of natural fire starts that received a suppression response within wilderness	Annually	2011	0	0	0	0	
Untrammeled	Number of lakes and other water bodies stocked with fish	Annually	2011	0	0	0	0	
	Number of unauthorized actions by agencies, citizen groups, or individuals that manipulate plants, wildlife, insects, fish, pathogens, soil, water, or fire	Annually	2011	0	0	0	0	
	Number of invasive non-native plant species	5 years	2011	0				
Natural	Index of native wildlife species that are listed as threatened and endangered, candidate, or of special concern	5 years	2011	4				
	Number of extirpated indigenous wildlife species	5 years	2011	4				

			Baseline	Measure Values				
Quality	Measure	Frequency	Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	
	Vernal pool habitat quality	Annually	2011	273 egg masses	269 egg masses	373 egg masses	180 egg masses	
	Ozone air pollution	5 years	2009	62.1 ppb				
	Total nitrogen wet deposition	5 years	2009	3.1 kg/ha				
	Total sulfur wet deposition	5 years	2009	3.7 kg/ha				
	Visibility	5 years	2009	5.2 Dv				
	Departure from natural fire regimes average over the wilderness	5 years	2011	1				
	Area and magnitude for pathways for movement of non-native species into the wilderness	5 years	2011	5633.9 acres				
	Number of authorized physical developments	5 years	2011	6				
	Number of culverts removed	5 years	2011	0				
ped	Number of inholdings within wilderness	5 years	2011	0				
Undeveloped	Type and amount of emergency use of motor vehicles, motorized equipment, or mechanical transport	Annually	2011	0	0	0	0	
	Type and amount of motor vehicles, motorized equipment, or mechanical transport use not authorized by Refuge manager	Annually	2011	0	0	0	0	

	Measure	Frequency	Baseline	Measure Values				
Quality			Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	
	Amount of visitor use	Annually	2011	440	50	50	50	
ation	Number of hours spent maintaining trail	Annually	2011	80	80	80	80	
recre	Number of trail contacts	Annually	2014				15	
Solitude or primitive and unconfined recreation	Area of wilderness affected by access or travel routes that are inside the wilderness	5 years	2011	4008.8 acres				
nitive and	Area of wilderness affected by access or travel routes that are adjacent to the wilderness	5 years	2011	2875.5 acres				
e or prir	Type and number of agency-provided recreation facilities	5 years	2011	0				
olitud	Miles of agency-provided system trails	5 years	2011	16.6 mi.				
ŭ	Number and extent of management restrictions	5 Years	2011	9				
Other features of value	Number and severity of disturbances to cultural resources	5 Years	2011	0				